

高一英语学科寒假作业 Day 7 (Book 2 unit 1 复习)

时长: 40 分钟

姓名:

完成评价:

• 核心知识的归纳总结和梳理模块

(1) 区分限制性定语从句与非限制性定语从句

1、限制性定语从句: 与主句之间无逗号隔开; 非限制性定语从句: 与主句之间有逗号隔开。

2、限制性定语从句: 可以修饰名词或代词; 非限制性定语从句: 可以修饰名词或代词, 也可以修饰整个句子

3、在限制性定从, 关系代词作宾语时可以省略; 在非限制性定从, 所有关系词都不可省略。不可使用 that, why (应使用 for which)

1. 拓展: as 和 which 引导非限制性定语从句的区别

As everyone knows, China is a country with a long history.

She is a great hero, as is described in the report.

He invited me to dinner, which made me very happy.

This novel, which I have read three times, is very touching.

as 和 which 引导非限制性定语从句时的位置不同:

as 引导的定语从句可置于_____, 而 which 引导的非限制性定语从句不可放在_____。

(2) as 引导的定语从句有 “_____” 的意思, 而 which 指 “_____”

情况通常如此 as is often the case

众所周知 as is known to all; 正如你所知道的那样 as you know

正如所预料的那样 as is expected = as we expected

正如上面所提到的 as has been mentioned above

正如报道/所说的那样 as is reported / said

正如一句谚语所说 as a famous saying goes

正如指出的 as is pointed out

正如你所看见的 as you can see = as can be seen

• 练习模块

(一) 词形变化填空

1. The government established a special committee _____ (preserve) the ancient temples and other cultural relics.

2. If you want to take part in the activity, you may send your _____ (apply) to the organizing committee

3. While we promote economy, we don't forget to keep balance _____ development and protection.

4. The former is _____ (important) than the latter and must give way to (让位于) the latter.

5. When you investigate an issue, you must think _____ (creative) .

6. Any useful clue is _____ (like) to help us to find the answer to the problem.

7. The archaeologist put up a proposal that we should make our national heritage well _____ (preserve)

8. His careless conduct led to the _____ (lose) of all the documents.

9. A department has been _____ (establish) in order to investigate this case.

10. We must do our best to prevent these historic sites from _____ (disappear) .

11. We decided to donate the funds they had raised _____ the charity.

12. In my opinion, it is worthwhile _____ (conduct) another experiment.
13. Water from the dam would _____ (like) damage a number of temples.
14. By _____ (use) digital technology, the professional archaeologist observed the entrance, exit and roof of the Great Pyramid.
15. He will _____ (send) overseas to further study the local traditions and customs there.
16. The archaeologist identified that those caves could date back _____ the Tang Dynasty.
17. In his opinion, we can't forgive anyone _____ destroying any cultural relics.
18. These caves are of good quality and have _____ (preserve) in Mount Jiuhua throughout human history.
19. On a sheet of paper, the boy drew an image of a dragon, _____ looked like a snake.

二 句式仿写

1. _____ (人们喜欢旅行的原因有很多), but one of the main factors is the opportunity to explore different cultures and gain a broader perspective on the world. (reasons why)
2. _____ (锻炼非常重要), as it helps improve physical health and boost mental well-being. (be of+n.)
3. _____ (那是一段时间) she felt lost and uncertain about her future. (It is a time when...)
4. _____ (无论他住在哪里), he always finds a sense of belonging and creates meaningful connections with those around him. (no matter+疑问词)

三、阅读理解。

I don't know exactly when my love affair with qipaos, or cheongsams, started. I just know that when I saw an actress wearing a qipao in *Romance in the Rain* TV series, which is set in 1930s Shanghai, I suddenly fell in love with it. Later I collected several qipaos. Some of them were bought at a store in one of Beijing's historical neighborhoods.

A Chinese friend of mine recently gave me one of her old qipaos, which almost reached my ankles (踝), and this one was just too tight in the hips. After consulting a woman at a qipao shop, who quoted me a price, I shopped around before making a wise decision. However, other tailors (裁缝) said it was a tailoring task and impossible to widen the qipao. Another said it wouldn't look good even if a tailor was able to alter (修改) it. Why not simply buy a new one? But by having the old qipao altered by the woman I had gone to first, I would only be paying a third of what it would cost to buy a new tailor-made one.

Some people couldn't seem to understand the sentimental (情感的) value I was attaching to the old qipao. More importantly, the value in it was that my dear friend, who had been a famous actress in 1980s China, had given it to me; it was a symbol of our friendship. Even before the alterations, I thought it suited me well, and the blue matched the color of my eyes.

The old qipao was altered to my happiness and given a second life. In my native United States, non-Asians are sometimes criticized (批评) on social media for wearing qipaos because of so-called cultural appropriation (挪用). Still, in China, people have what I consider a more reasonable and open-minded approach: If foreigners wear qipaos, it is seen as an appreciation of Chinese culture.

1. Who inspired the author's love for qipaos?
A. An actress. B. A friend. C. A tailor. D. A customer.
2. How did the author deal with the old qipao?
A. She sold it to a tailor. B. She sent it to her friend.

- C. She donated it to a museum. D. She had it widened to fit herself.
3. What does the old qipao mean to the author?
- A. It is a piece of fancy clothing. B. It represents friendship.
- C. It gives her a second life. D. It helps her find self-confidence.
4. What's the usual attitude of Chinese people toward foreigners wearing qipaos?
- A. Positive. B. Uncaring C. Negative. D. Doubtful.

四、阅读七选五

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Your culture is a huge part of who you are and the way you see the world. When you live in a place where your culture is the mainstream culture, you likely don't have to put much effort into preserving it! _____ 1 _____ If you don't actively preserve your culture, you risk losing the art, traditions, food, and language that give life meanings.

Share your culture's art and technology with others. _____ 2 _____ Members of your cultural community will be overjoyed to teach or talk about their hobbies, jobs, projects, and what they do for fun.

_____ 3 _____ Your country almost certainly celebrates major holidays or cultural festivals. Traveling during these events can help you get a broader view on your culture. If you can't find any good events in your area, get some people together and organize your own.

Cook family recipes handed down through generations. It's never too late to make some recipes from your grandmother's cookbook! Traditional dishes play a big role in culture, with smells and tastes having powerful connections to memories. Just reading an old recipe helps you recognize how much ingredients (配料) and kitchen tools have changed over the years. _____ 4 _____

Spend time with other members of your cultural community. _____ 5 _____ Use these times to learn and keep alive the aspects of culture that are difficult to learn through books and museums, such as body language and humor.

A.	Focus on a specific aspect of your culture.
B.	Attend or organize traditional cultural events.
C.	But what happens if you move to another country?
D.	Gather as a group for ordinary meals and conversations.
E.	In this way, you're sure to think back to memories from your childhood.
F.	If you know a rare or endangered language, do what you can to teach it to others.
G.	Each culture has its own clothing, music, and other characteristics that make it special.

五、完形填空

During the National Day holiday, I went to Xi'an, Shaanxi, to visit the world-famous Terracotta Warriors (兵马俑). I was _____ 1 _____ to see so many pottery figures in _____ 2 _____ poses, including standing, sitting and lying.

They are true-to-life, as tall as humans. The most _____ 3 _____ part of them is that each one has a unique face, which interested me a lot. Depending on their clothes, hats and hairstyles, people can tell that they have different jobs in the _____ 4 _____. Some hold weapons (武器) while others lead the horses.

These soldiers were built for the _____ 5 _____ of Qin Shihuang. He believed that after his _____ 6 _____, he would go to another world. So he asked _____ 7 _____ to build an army of warriors to protect him in the afterlife. It is believed that it took over 700,000 workers 39 years to _____ 8 _____ the tomb.

_____ 9 _____ I visited the Terracotta Warriors and knew the history behind them, I _____ 10 _____ to make my own little warrior when I got back home. First, with gypsum (石膏) powder, I _____ 11 _____ a stone model

warrior, and then with a little stick, drew an expression on his face. When the 12 was dry, my work was done.

The process sounds easy, but it proved to be 13. The powder went everywhere, sometimes making my eyes fail to see 14. So I watered it, which helped. It took me more than three hours to 15 the figure. It's so nice to hold this soldier that I made myself.

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|--------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. ashamed | B. amazed | C. annoyed | D. disappointed |
| 2. A. different | B. similar | C. strange | D. relaxed |
| 3. A. confusing | B. tiring | C. frightening | D. appealing |
| 4. A. army | B. school | C. museum | D. stadium |
| 5. A. palace | B. tomb | C. hometown | D. temple |
| 6. A. speech | B. power | C. death | D. travel |
| 7. A. farmers | B. officials | C. soldiers | D. workers |
| 8. A. build | B. design | C. recover | D. remove |
| 9. A. After | B. Before | C. Though | D. If |
| 10. A. refused | B. decided | C. forgot | D. remembered |
| 11. A. damaged | B. analyzed | C. covered | D. bought |
| 12. A. ink | B. leather | C. mud | D. powder |
| 13. A. unfair | B. powerful | C. practical | D. challenging |
| 14. A. socially | B. secretly | C. clearly | D. skillfully |
| 15. A. distinguish | B. advertise | C. finish | D. recognize |